IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA : Case No.: 22-CR-339-01 (RDM)

> : :

22-MJ-150-1

 $\mathbf{v}_{\boldsymbol{\cdot}}$

18 U.S.C. § 1752(a)(2) :

ERIC CRAMER,

Defendant.

STATEMENT OF OFFENSE

Pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11, the United States of America, by and through its attorney, the United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, and the defendant, ERIC CRAMER, with the concurrence of his attorney, agree and stipulate to the below factual basis for the defendant's guilty plea—that is, if this case were to proceed to trial, the parties stipulate that the United States could prove the below facts beyond a reasonable doubt:

The Attack at the U.S. Capitol on January 6, 2021

- 1. The U.S. Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C., is secured twenty-four hours a day by U.S. Capitol Police (USCP). Restrictions around the Capitol include permanent and temporary security barriers and posts manned by USCP. Only authorized people with appropriate identification are allowed access inside the Capitol.
- 2. On January 6, 2021, the exterior plaza of the Capitol was closed to members of the public.
- 3. On January 6, 2021, a joint session of the United States Congress convened at the Capitol, which is located at First Street, SE, in Washington, D.C. During the joint session, elected members of the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate were meeting

in the Capitol to certify the vote count of the Electoral College of the 2020 Presidential Election, which had taken place on Tuesday, November 3, 2020. The joint session began at approximately 1:00 PM. Shortly thereafter, by approximately 1:30 PM, the House and Senate adjourned to separate chambers to resolve a particular objection. Vice President Mike Pence was present and presiding, first in the joint session, and then in the Senate chamber.

- 4. As the proceedings continued in both the House and the Senate, and with Vice President Pence present and presiding over the Senate, a large crowd gathered outside the Capitol. Temporary and permanent barricades, as noted above, were in place around the exterior of the Capitol, and USCP officers were present and attempting to keep the crowd away from the Capitol and the proceedings underway inside.
- 5. At approximately 2:00 PM, certain individuals in the crowd forced their way through, up, and over the barricades. Officers of the USCP were forced to retreat and the crowd advanced to the exterior façade of the building. The crowd was not lawfully authorized to enter or remain in the building and, prior to entering the building, no members of the crowd submitted to security screenings or weapons checks as required by USCP officers or other authorized security officials.
- 6. At such time, the certification proceedings were still underway, and the exterior doors and windows of the Capitol were locked or otherwise secured. Members of the USCP attempted to maintain order and keep the crowd from entering the Capitol; however, shortly after 2:00 PM, individuals in the crowd forced entry into the Capitol, including by breaking windows and by assaulting members of law enforcement, as others in the crowd encouraged and assisted those acts. The riot resulted in substantial damage to the Capitol, requiring the expenditure of more than \$2.7 million dollars for repairs.

7. Shortly thereafter, at approximately 2:20 PM, members of the House of Representatives and of the Senate, including the President of the Senate, Vice President Pence, were instructed to—and did—evacuate the chambers. Accordingly, all proceedings of the United States Congress, including the joint session, were effectively suspended until shortly after 8:00 PM on January 6, 2021. In light of the dangerous circumstances caused by the unlawful entry to the Capitol—including the danger posed by individuals who had entered the Capitol without any security screening or weapons check—Congressional proceedings could not resume until after every unauthorized occupant had been removed from or left the Capitol, and USCP confirmed that the building was secured. The proceedings resumed at approximately 8:00 PM after the building had been secured. Vice President Pence remained in the Capitol from the time he was evacuated from the Senate Chamber until the session resumed.

Eric Cramer's Participation in the January 6, 2021, Capitol Riot

- 8. The defendant, **ERIC CRAMER**, lives in Romney, West Virginia. On the morning of January 6, 2021, defendant traveled with his brother, Country Cramer, from West Virginia to Washington, D.C., via automobile. The purpose of the defendant's trip to Washington, D.C., was to support some members of Congress who were attempting to contest some states' certification of the Electoral College.
- 9. On January 6, 2021, the defendant arrived with his brother, Country Cramer, at the U.S. Capitol at around 11 a.m. Defendant was dressed in a blue winter hat, an American flag neck/face covering, occasionally wearing a gas mask with pink filters, a dark grey jacket, grey cargo pants, a black hooded sweatshirt, blue gloves, and carrying a green backpack and blue baseball bat.

- 10. At about 2 p.m., defendant was on restricted grounds, as part of a group of protestors that had gathered on the Lower West Terrace. While there, a scuffle between the officers and the protestors occurred at 2:02 p.m. During the scuffle, Officer P.K. swung his baton at certain individuals in the crowd, and defendant caught the baton, grasped it, and did not relinquish his grip on the baton until another officer intervened, whereupon defendant released his grip and backed away from the scuffle.
- 11. Defendant then made his way to the U.S. Capitol building Senate Wing Door, arriving at 2:41 p.m. Defendant could see that there were law enforcement officers on the other side attempting to keep protestors out of the building. Defendant entered the Capitol at 2:47 p.m. Defendant was inside of the U.S. Capitol building for approximately five minutes, prior to exiting to the Upper Northwest Terrace, where he remained with his brother, Country Cramer, until after 3:06 p.m.
- 12. Following the events of January 6, 2021, defendant posted a picture of a police baton on his Facebook page and wrote that he "took it from the cop that hit me with it...so I guess that's my trophy."

13. Defendant did unlawfully and knowingly, and with the intent to impede or disrupt the orderly conduct of Government business, engage in disorderly or disruptive conduct in, or within such proximity to, the United States Capitol and its grounds, where the Vice President was and would be temporarily visiting, without lawful authority to do so, and where such conduct impeded and disrupted the orderly conduct of Government business.

Respectfully submitted,

MATTHEW M. GRAVES United States Attorney D.C. Bar No. 481052

By:

s/ Andrew J. Tessman

Andrew J. Tessman

Assistant United States Attorney

W.V. Bar No. 13734

DEFENDANT'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I, ERIC CRAMER, have read this Statement of the Offense and have discussed it with my attorney. I fully understand this Statement of the Offense. I agree and acknowledge by my signature that this Statement of the Offense is true and accurate. I do this voluntarily and of my own free will. No threats have been made to me nor am I under the influence of anything that could impede my ability to understand this Statement of the Offense fully.

Date: 10-11-22

ERIC CRAMER

Defendant

ATTORNEY'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT

I have read this Statement of the Offense and have reviewed it with my client fully. I concur in my client's desire to adopt this Statement of the Offense as true and accurate.

Date: 10-11-22

Aaron Moss

Attorney for Defendant